

Foundation Seminar in Infectious Diseases

Preliminary program

Self-paced learning package: from Friday 10 May 2024

Topic and presenter	Learning objectives
Principles of infectious diseases Dr Natasha Holmes, Infectious Diseases and Antibiotic Allergy Physician, Austin Health, Melbourne, Vic	 Describe the Physician's approach to clinical assessment including clinical investigations commonly undertaken Discuss principles of good antimicrobial prescribing Discuss the clinical monitoring required for patients on antimicrobial treatment and the clinical approach to antimicrobial failure
Principles of microbiology Dr Shelanah Fernando, Infectious Diseases Staff Specialist and Microbiologist, Concord Hospital, Sydney, NSW	 Discuss the role of the microbiology laboratory in the management of infectious diseases, antimicrobial prescribing and infection control Interpret a typical laboratory report Discuss important Gram-positive and Gram-negative organisms in hospital
Principles of Antimicrobial Stewardship Chin-Yen Yeo, Senior Pharmacist (Antimicrobial Stewardship), Concord Hospital, Antimicrobial Resistance Commission, International Pharmaceutical Federation (FIP)	 Discuss principles of antimicrobial stewardship (AMS) Identify IV to oral switch criteria List examples of AMS interventions that can be applied in daily practice
Introduction to PK/PD Gene Chai, PhD candidate, University of Queensland, Brisbane, Qld	 Describe the major pharmacokinetic (PK) and pharmacodynamic (PD) parameters of commonly used antimicrobials Apply PK/PD principles in order to optimize antimicrobial dosing and minimize toxicity in an individual patient
Therapeutic drug monitoring in practice Cindy Lau, Antimicrobial Stewardship Pharmacist, St Vincent's Hospital Sydney, Sydney, NSW	Identify the practical issues surrounding TDM of antimicrobials, including the role for pharmacists

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Management of respiratory infections

Dr Pam Konecny, Senior Staff Specialist Infectious Diseases, St George Hospital, Sydney, NSW

- Describe the signs, symptoms, pathophysiology and principles of management of community acquired pneumonia (CAP) and hospital acquired pneumonia (HAP)
- Identify risk factors for HAP caused by multi-drug resistant gramnegative organisms
- Compare tools available for the assessment of severity of CAP, e.g. PSI, SMART-COP, CORB
- Describe the appropriate antimicrobial management for treatment and prophylaxis of influenza

Sepsis

Professor Karin Thursky,
Associate Director Health
Services Research and
Implementation Science, Peter
MacCallum Cancer Centre,
Melbourne, Vic; Director,
National Centre for
Antimicrobial Stewardship,
Melbourne, Vic

Dr Courtney Ierano, Infectious Diseases Advanced Training Resident, Alfred Health, Melbourne, Vic; PhD Fellow, National Centre for Antimicrobial Stewardship (NCAS), Melbourne, Vic

- Explain the definitions of sepsis and recognize the key clinical signs of sepsis
- Describe the key principles in the management of sepsis including empirical antimicrobial therapy and fluids and monitoring requirements
- Identify common sources of sepsis and high risk populations
- Recognise the benefits of implementing a hospital sepsis pathway

Management of urinary tract infections

Matthew Rawlins, Senior Pharmacist, Antimicrobial Stewardship, Fiona Stanley Hospital, Perth, WA

- Describe the signs, symptoms, pathophysiology and principles of management of uncomplicated and complicated urinary tract infections (UTIs)
- Describe empiric treatment including dose and duration of therapy based on local and national guidelines
- Identify risk factors for UTIs caused by multi-drug resistant gramnegative organisms
- Discuss the role of prophylaxis for prevention of UTIs

Skin and soft tissue infections

Amy Legg, Antirmicrobial Stewardship Pharmacist, Top End Health Service, Darwin, NT, and PhD candidate, Menzies School of Health Research, Darwin, NT

- Describe the underlying risk factors and pathophysiology and evidence-based empiric management of cellulitis
- Describe the management of skin and soft tissue infections (SSTIs) in the following specialty populations: intravenous drug users, diabetic patients, wounds with water exposure
- Discuss the management of recurrent staphylococcal infection, including decolonization
- Describe the rationale and principles for the route of administration, timing and duration for surgical antimicrobial prophylaxis



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Live virtual seminar: Saturday 22 June 2024

Time (AEST)	Session
0920-0930	Online login and registration available
0930-0940	Welcome and introductions
0940-1030	Review of online learning content and Q&A
1030-1130	Case session 1: Vancomycin and therapeutic drug monitoring
1130-1200	Break
1200-1315	Case session 2: Respiratory / sepsis infections
1315-1415	Case session 3: Skin and soft tissue infections
1415-1445	Break
1445-1600	Case session 4: Urinary tract infections
1600-1630	Final Q&A, seminar summary and close
1630	Seminar close